

SANDEEP VARSHNEY & ASSOCIATES
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

SUBZI MANDI ANOOPSHAHR
DIST. BULANDSHAHR, UP-202390
TEL: 09818853546
E-mail: sandeep.sva@gmail.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON IND-AS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

To the members of **Green Infra Profiles Private limited**

Opinion:

We have audited the accompanying Ind-AS financial statements of **Green Infra Profiles Private limited** ("the Company") which comprises the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in equity for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Ind AS and accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022, and its financial performance, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion:

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



Responsibilities of Management and those charged with governance for the Ind-AS financial statements:

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, change in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) and accounting principles generally accepted in India, specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate implementation and maintenance of accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Ind AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Ind AS Financial Statement:

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind-AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Ind-AS financial statements.

A further description of the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Ind-AS financial statements is included in "Annexure A". This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements:

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
2. As required by section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:



- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind-AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015, as amended.
- e) We do not have any observation or comment on the financial statements or matters which have any adverse effect on the functioning of the company.
- f) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2022, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2022, from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act.
- g) We do not have any qualification, reservation or adverse remark relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected herewith.
- h) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "**Annexure C**".
- i) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirement of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanation given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.

- j) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - (i) The Company does not have pending litigations which would impact on its financial position in its Ind-AS financial statements.
 - (ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - (iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - (iv) (a) The Management has Represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediaries shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any other manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on the behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;



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(b) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Party"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the "Funding Parties" (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on the behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries and

(c) Based on such audit procedures that we have considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub clause (i) and (ii) above contain any material mis-statement.

April 16, 2022
Anoopshahr, UP (Camp New Delhi)

For Sandeep Varshney & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 0513271C
By the hand of


Sandeep Kumar Gupta
Proprietor
Membership No. 092329
UDIN-22092329AJUMJA7965



ANNEXURE 'A' OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Annexure referred under the heading 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Ind AS Financial Statement' of our report of even date to the Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2022)

Responsibilities for Audit of Financial Statement:

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- (i) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Ind-AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- (ii) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- (iii) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- (iv) Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Ind-AS financial statements or if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- (v) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Ind-AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Ind-AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



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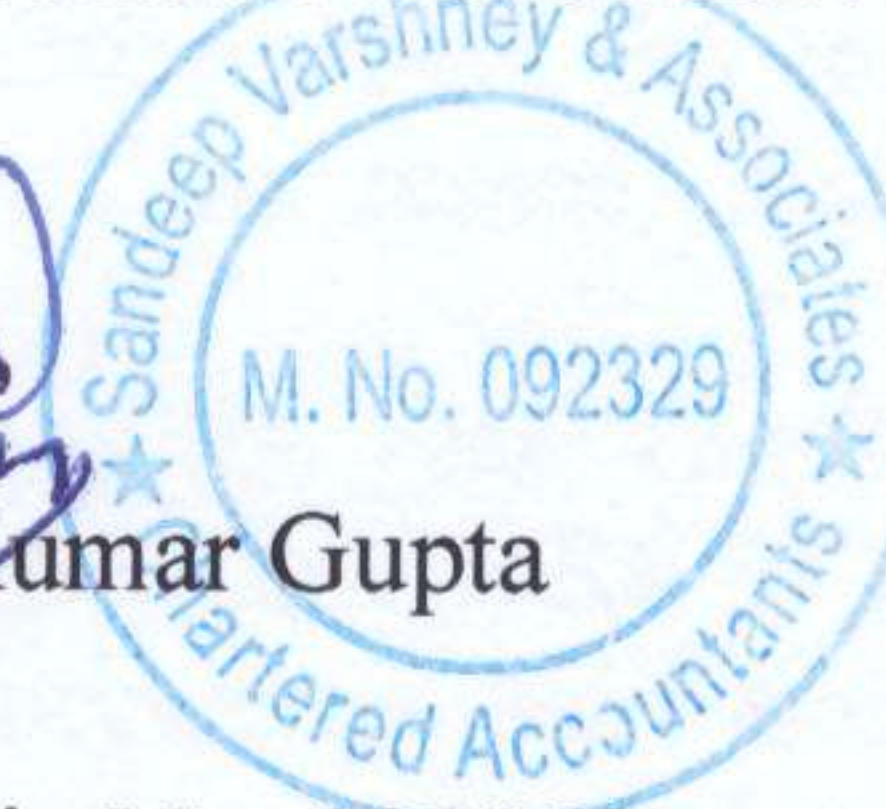
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From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Ind-AS financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

For Sandeep Varshney & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 0513271C

By the hand of


Sandeep Kumar Gupta
Proprietor
Membership No. 092329
UDIN-22092329AJUMJA7965



April 16, 2022
Anoopshahr, UP (Camp New Delhi)

“ANNEXURE B” TO INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT

(Annexure referred under the heading ‘Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements’ of our report of even date to the Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2022)

- i) (a) (A) The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment.
(B) The company does not have intangible assets.
- (b) As per information and explanation given to us, the property, plant and equipment have been physically verified by the management in a phased periodical manner, which in our opinion is reasonable, having regard to the size of the Company and nature of its assets. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- (c) The title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in the financial statements are held in the name of the company.
- (d) The company has revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment during the year. The Revaluation is based on valuation by registered valuer. The amount of change of Building is Rs. 91.25 lakhs.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.
- ii) (a) The Company does not own any inventory.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of account, the company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets during any point of time of the year.
- iii) The Company has not made investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or any other parties.
- (iv) The Company has not made investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or any other parties.
- (v) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits during the Period within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act.
- (vi) According to the information and explanation given to us, maintenance of cost records is not applicable to the company.
- (vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of account, the company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues to the appropriate authorities and no undisputed amounts payable in respect of aforesaid dues were outstanding as at March 31, 2022, for a period more than six months from the date of the became payable.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of Goods and Services Tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs,



duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other statutory dues which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.

- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of account, there is no transactions which was not recorded in the books of account and have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).
- (ix) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not have any loans or borrowings from financial institutions, government, debenture holders, any entity or person, hence disclosure prescribed in clause (ix) is not applicable to the Company.
- (x) (a) The company did not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year.
(b) The company did not make any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year.
- (xi) (a) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither noticed nor been reported of fraud by the Company or any fraud on the Company during the Period.
(b) No report has been filed by the auditors under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government;
(c) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, there is no whistle-blower complaints received during the year by the company.
- (xii) The Company is not a nidhi company.
- (xiii) All transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of Companies Act wherever applicable and the details have been disclosed in the Ind As financial statements, etc., as required by the applicable accounting standards;
- (xiv) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, the provisions of Internal Audit system are not applicable to the Company.
- (xv) On the basis of records made available to us and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him.
- (xvi) The company is not engaged in business of NBFC/CIC; thus is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and all provisions of the clause(xvi) are not applicable.
- (xvii) The company has not incurred cash losses in the current financial year as well as in the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There is no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year.



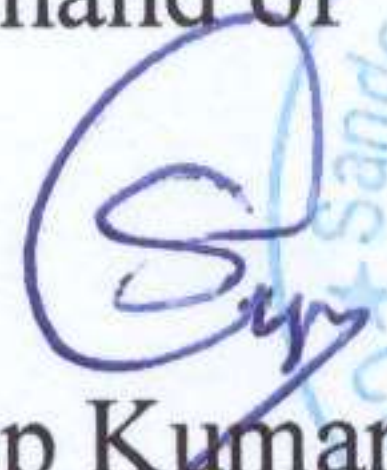
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- (xix) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the Ind As financial statements, the auditor's knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans, we are of the opinion that no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date;
- (xx) On the basis of records made available to us and according to the information and explanation given to us, the provisions of CSR are not applicable to the Company.
- (xxi) There is no qualification or adverse remark by the respective auditors in the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order (CARO) reports of the companies included in the consolidated Ind AS financial statements.

April 16, 2022
Anoopshahr, UP (Camp New Delhi)

For Sandeep Varshney & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 0513271C
By the hand of


Sandeep Kumar Gupta
Proprietor
Membership No. 092329
UDIN-22092329AJUMJA7965



ANNEXURE 'C' TO INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of sub-section 3 of the section 143 of the Act)

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **GREEN INFRA PROFILES PRIVATE LIMITED** ("the Company") as of March 31, 2022, in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for laying down and maintaining internal financial controls based on 'the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (Guidance Note) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act).

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards of Auditing, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and the Guidance Note, both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain the reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Ind AS financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Ind AS financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or



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timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the Ind AS financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting


Because of its inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not to be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

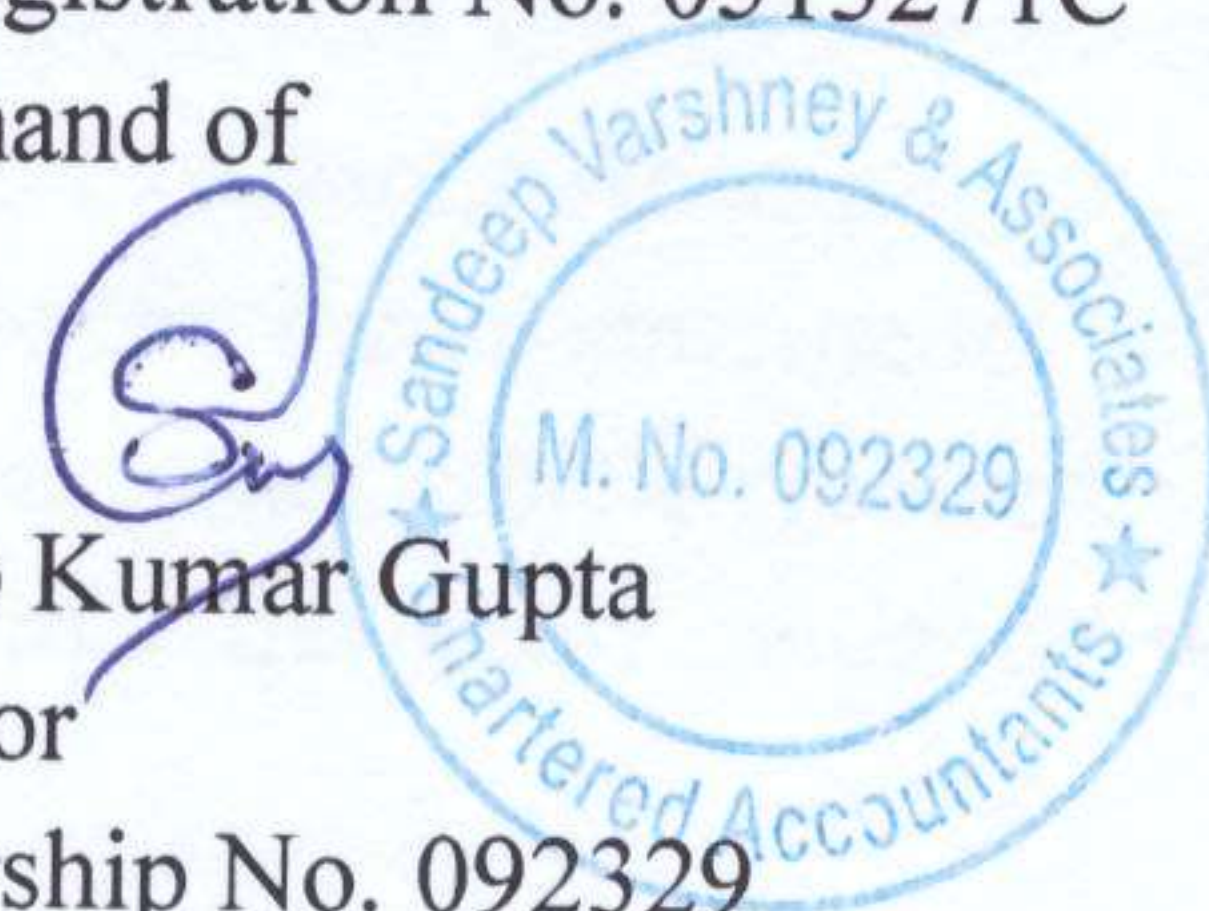
In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI.

April 16, 2022
Anoopshahr, UP (Camp New Delhi)

For Sandeep Varshney & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 0513271C
By the hand of


Sandeep Kumar Gupta
Proprietor

Membership No. 092329
UDIN-22092329AJUMJA7965



GREEN INFRA PROFILES PRIVATE LIMITED
CIN: U74999DL2009PTC191762
606, New Delhi House, 27, Barakhamba Road, New Delhi -110001
BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2022

	Notes	March 31, 2022 Rs.	(Rs.' in Lakhs) March 31, 2021 Rs.
ASSETS			
<i>Non current assets</i>			
Property, plant and equipment	3	171.30	88.47
Financial assets			
Other Financial Assets	4	0.08	0.08
Deferred tax assets	11	-	-
		<u>171.38</u>	<u>88.55</u>
<i>Current assets</i>			
Financial assets			
Trade receivables	5	0.90	0.65
Cash and cash equivalents	6	15.57	5.67
Other financial assets	7	0.01	-
Current tax assets	8	0.73	0.34
		<u>17.21</u>	<u>6.66</u>
TOTAL ASSETS		<u>188.59</u>	<u>95.21</u>
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
<i>Equity</i>			
Equity share capital	9	1.00	1.00
Other equity		107.71	21.08
Total equity		<u>108.71</u>	<u>22.08</u>
<i>Non-current liabilities</i>			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	10	-	-
Deferred tax liability	11	0.46	0.62
		<u>0.46</u>	<u>0.62</u>
<i>Current liabilities</i>			
Financial liabilities			
Other financial liabilities	12	79.42	72.23
Current tax liability (Net)	13	-	-
Other current liabilities	14	-	0.28
		<u>79.42</u>	<u>72.51</u>
Total liabilities		<u>79.88</u>	<u>73.13</u>
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		<u>188.59</u>	<u>95.21</u>

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3-25

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date.

Sandeep Varshney & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 0513271C

By the hand of

Sandeep Kumar Gupta

Proprietor

Membership No. 092329

Date: 16.04.2022

Camp New Delhi

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of

Green Infra Profiles Private Limited

Sajeve Bhushan Deora

Director

DIN No.: 00003305

Pulkit Deora

Director

DIN No.: 07356653

GREEN INFRA PROFILES PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN: U74999DL2009PTC191762

606, New Delhi House, 27, Barakhamba Road, New Delhi -110001

STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED ON MARCH 31, 2022

	Notes	Year ended March 31, 2022 Rs.	(Rs.' in Lakhs) Year ended March 31, 2021 Rs.
INCOMES			
Revenue from operations	15	10.27	17.76
Other income	16	0.08	0.00
TOTAL INCOME		10.35	17.76
EXPENSES			
Employee benefit expenses	17	2.10	2.70
Finance costs	18	-	0.10
Depreciation	3	4.29	4.51
Other expenses	19	4.61	7.89
TOTAL EXPENSES		11.00	15.20
Profit before tax		(0.65)	2.56
Less/(-Add): Tax expense			
Current tax		-	0.66
Deferred tax		(0.16)	0.01
Profit after tax		(0.49)	1.89
Other Comprehensive Income(Revaluation Reserve)		91.25	-
Total Comprehensive Income		90.76	1.89
Earnings per share [par value of Rs. 10 (Rs. 10) each]	20		
- Basic and diluted		907.61	18.93

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3-25

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date.

Sandeep Varshney & Associates
Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 0513271C

By the hand of

Sandeep Kumar Gupta

Proprietor

Membership No. 092329

Date: 16.04.2022

Camp New Delhi

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of
Green Infra Profiles Private Limited

Sajeve Bhushan Deora

Director

DIN No.: 00003305

Pulkit Deora

Director

DIN No.: 07356653

GREEN INFRA PROFILES PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN: U74999DL2009PTC191762

606, New Delhi House, 27, Barakhamba Road, New Delhi -110001

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED ON MARCH 31, 2022

	(Rs.' in Lakhs)	
	Year ended March 31, 2022 Rs.	Year ended March 31, 2021 Rs.
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATIONS		
Profit before tax	(0.65)	2.56
Adjustments for:		
Other Comprehensive Income (Profit on Revaluation)	91.25	-
Depreciation	4.29	4.51
Interest paid	-	0.10
Operating profit before working capital changes	94.89	7.17
Adjustment for working capital changes:		
Decrease/(Increase) in financial assets		
Trade receivables	(0.25)	(0.65)
Current Asset	(0.39)	-
Other financial assets	(0.01)	-
Increase/(Decrease) in financial liabilities		
Advance for which value to be given	9.00	(0.01)
Expenses payables	(1.81)	0.87
Increase/(Decrease) in other current liabilities	(0.29)	0.26
Operating profit	101.15	7.64
Taxes (paid)/refund	-	(1.70)
Net cash flow from operating activities	101.15	5.94
	(A)	
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Net Addition in Property, Plant & Equipments	(91.25)	
Interest receipts	-	-
Net cash used in investing activities	(91.25)	-
	(B)	
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Interest paid	-	(0.10)
Increase/(decrease) in financial liabilities		
Increase/(decrease) in borrowings	-	(0.50)
Net cash used in financing activities	-	(0.60)
	(C)	
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS	9.90	5.34
	(A+B+C)	
Cash and cash equivalents - Opening balance	5.67	0.33
Cash and cash equivalents - Closing balance	15.57	5.67

(Figures in bracket indicates cash outflows)

As per our report of even date.

Sandeep Varshney & Associates
Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 0513271C

By the hand of

Sandeep Kumar Gupta
Proprietor

Membership No. 092329

Date: 16.04.2022

Camp New Delhi

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of
Green Infra Profiles Private Limited

Sajeve Bhushan Deora
Director
DIN No.: 00003305

Pulkit Deora
Director
DIN No.: 07356653

GREEN INFRA PROFILES PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN: U74999DL2009PTC191762

606, New Delhi House, 27, Barakhamba Road, New Delhi -110001

STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED ON MARCH 31, 2022

A. Equity Share Capital

(1) Current Reporting Period

(Rs.' in Lakhs)

Balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors	Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	Changes in equity share capital during the current year	Balance at the end of the current reporting period
1.00	-	1.00	-	1.00

(2) Previous Reporting Period

Balance at the beginning of the previous reporting period	Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors	Restated balance at the beginning of the previous reporting period	Changes in equity share capital during the previous year	Balance at the end of the previous reporting period
1.00	-	1.00	-	1.00

B. Other Equity

(1) Current Reporting Period

Particulars	Reserves & Surplus		Total
	Retained Earnings	Revaluation Surplus	
Balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	21.08	-	21.08
Changes in accounting policy or prior period errors	-	-	-
Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the current year	(0.49)	91.25	90.76
Dividends	-	-	-
Transfer to retained earnings	-	-	-
Any other change (Depreciation on Revaluation Part of PPE)	-	(4.13)	(4.13)
Balance at the end of the current reporting period	20.59	87.12	107.71

(1) Previous Reporting Period

Particulars	Reserves & Surplus		Total
	Retained Earnings	Revaluation Surplus	
Balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	19.19	-	19.19
Changes in accounting policy or prior period errors	-	-	-
Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the current year	-	-	-
Dividends	-	-	-
Transfer to retained earnings	1.89	-	1.89
Any other change (Depreciation on Revaluation Part of PPE)	-	-	-
Balance at the end of the previous reporting period	21.08	-	21.08

B

1 Corporate Information

Green Infra Profiles Private Limited (CIN: U74999DL2009PTC191762), is a wholly owned subsidiary company of Integrated Capital Services Limited, a Public Limited Company. The Company is engaged in the business of providing advisory services for management of assets.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**A) Basis of preparation of financial statements****(i) Statement of Compliance**

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) issued under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange board of India (SEBI). The Ind AS are prescribed under Section 133 of the act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and relevant amendments made thereafter.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

(ii) Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Indian rupees (Rs.), which is the Company's functional currency. Figures are shown in Lakhs.

(iii) Basis of Measurement

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention basis, except for certain items that are measured at fair values.

(iv) Use of Estimate

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the Ind AS requires management to make estimates, judgements and assumptions. These estimates, judgements and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of the contingent asset and contingent liability at the date of the financial statements and reported amount of income and expenses during the period. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from the estimates. Appropriate changes in estimate are made as the management become aware of the change in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Change in the estimates are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which the changes are made and, if material, their effect are disclosed in the notes to financial statements.

(v) Operating Cycle

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 and Ind AS 1 – Presentation of Financial Statements issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs based on the nature of products and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents.

B) Significant accounting policies:**(i) Property, Plant and Equipment**

Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at cost of acquisition or construction less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. Cost directly attributable to acquisition are capitalised until the Property, Plant and Equipment are ready for use as intended by the management.

Property, Plant and Equipment are derecognised from financial statements, either on disposal or when no economic benefits are expected from its use. The cost and related accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the financial statements upon sale or retirement of the Property, Plant and Equipment and the resultant gains or losses are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Property, Plant and Equipment, which are to be disposed off are reported at the lower of the carrying value or the fair value less cost to sell.

Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment commences when these assets are ready for their intended use. Items of Property, Plant and Equipment are depreciated in a manner that amortizes the cost (or other amount substituted for cost) of these assets, less its residual value, over their useful lives as specified in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 on a written down value. Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment purchased or sold during the period is proportionately charged.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values of Property, Plant and Equipment are reviewed periodically, including at each financial year end by the management of the Company.

The Company has adopted policy to carry out fair value of its Property, Plant and Equipments at the earlier of 24 months or a Significant Change in Business Circumstances.

(ii) Impairment of non financial assets

Property, Plant and Equipment are evaluated for recoverability, whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash generating unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs.

If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss is measured by the amount by which the carrying value of the assets exceeds the estimated recoverable amount of the asset. An impairment loss is reversed in the statement of profit and loss if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. The carrying amount of the asset is increased to its revised recoverable amount, provided that this amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any accumulated amortization or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years.

(iii) Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the relevant instrument and are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value on initial recognition of financial assets or financial liabilities. Purchase or sale of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date when the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Financial Assets:

Recognition: Financial assets include Investments, Trade receivables, Advances, Security Deposits, Cash and cash equivalents. Such assets are initially recognised at transaction price when the Company becomes party to contractual obligations. The transaction price includes transaction costs unless the asset is being fair valued through the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Classification: Management determines the classification of an asset at initial recognition depending on the purpose for which the assets were acquired. The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on such classification.

Financial assets are classified as those measured at:

- (a.) amortised cost, where the financial assets are held solely for collection of cash flows arising from payments of principal and/ or interest.
- (b.) fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI), where the financial assets are held not only for collection of cash flows arising from payments of principal and interest but also from the sale of such assets. Such assets are subsequently measured at fair value, with unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value being recognised in other comprehensive income.
- (c.) fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), where the assets are managed in accordance with an approved investment strategy that triggers purchase and sale decisions based on the fair value of such assets. Such assets are subsequently measured at fair value, with unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value being recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they arise.

The Company has adopted policy to carry out fair value of its Investments at the earlier of 24 months or a Significant Change in Business Circumstances.

Debt instruments:

Debt instruments are measured at amortised cost. Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payment of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. A gain or loss on a debt instrument that is subsequently measured at amortised cost is recognised as profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included as part of other income using the effective interest rate method.

Other:

Trade receivables, Advances, Security Deposits, Cash and cash equivalents etc., are reclassified for measurement at amortised cost.

Impairment: The Company assesses at each reporting date whether a financial asset (or a group of financial assets) such as investments, trade receivables, advances and security deposits held at amortised cost and financial assets that are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are tested for impairment based on evidence or information that is available without undue cost or effort. Expected credit losses are assessed and loss allowances recognised if the credit quality of the financial asset has deteriorated significantly since its initial recognition.

Reclassification: When and only when the business model is changed, the Company shall reclassify all affected financial assets prospectively from the reclassification date as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income, fair value through profit or loss without restating the previously recognised gains, losses or interest and in terms of the reclassification principles laid down in the Ind AS relating to Financial Instruments.

De-recognition: Financial assets are derecognised when the right to receive cash flows from the assets has expired, or has been transferred, and the Company has transferred substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership. Concomitantly, if the asset is one that is measured at:

- (a.) amortised cost, the gain or loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss;
- (b.) fair value through other comprehensive income, the cumulative fair value adjustments previously taken to reserves are reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss unless the asset represents an equity investment in which case the cumulative fair value adjustments previously taken to reserves is reclassified within equity.

Financial Liabilities

Initial and subsequent recognition: Borrowings, trade payables and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at the value of the respective contractual obligations. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any discount or premium on redemption / settlement is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as finance cost over the life of the liability using the effective interest method and adjusted to the liability figure disclosed in the Balance Sheet.

De-recognition: Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is, when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled and settled on expiry.

Offsetting Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is included in the Balance Sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Equity Instruments

Equity instruments are recognised at the value of the proceeds, net of direct costs of the capital issue.

(iv) Claims, Provisions, Contingent assets and Liabilities:

Claims lodged by and lodged against the Company are accounted in the period of payment or settlement thereof.

Provisions are recognised when, as a result of a past event, the Company has a legal or constructive obligation; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount can be reliably estimated. The amount so recognised is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the obligation at the reporting date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

In an event when the time value of money is material, the provision is carried at the present value of the cash flows estimated to settle the obligation.

Contingent liabilities are not recognised but are disclosed by way of notes to the financial statements, after careful evaluation by the management of the facts and legal aspects of each matter involved. Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statements.

Contingent liabilities are assessed continually to determine whether an outflow of resources embodying the economic benefit has become probable. If it becomes probable that an outflow of future economic benefits will be required for an item previously dealt with as contingent liability, a provision is recognised in the financial statements of the period in which the change in probability occurs.

(v) Recognition of revenue and expenditure

- (a) Revenue is recognised to the extent that is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on the behalf of the government.

Revenue is recognised in the period in which the services are rendered and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably and recovery of the consideration is probable.

- (b) **Interest and dividend income**

Interest income is recognised using Effective Interest Method (EIR).

EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of financial instruments or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the asset or to the amortised cost of financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument but does not consider the expected credit loss.

Dividend income is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the right to receive dividend is established.

(vi) Employee benefits

Benefits such as salaries, wages and short term compensations etc. is recognized in the period in which the employee renders the related service.

(vii) Borrowing cost

Borrowing Cost attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the cost of such assets upto the date when such assets are ready for intended use. Other borrowing costs are charged to Statement of Profit and Loss as expense in the year in which they are incurred.

(viii) Taxes on income

Taxes on income comprises of current taxes and deferred taxes. Current tax in the Statement of Profit and Loss is provided as the amount of tax payable in respect of taxable income for the period using tax rates and tax laws enacted during the period, together with any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and the amounts used for taxation purposes (tax base), at the tax rates and tax laws enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for the future tax consequences to the extent it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

Income tax, in so far as it relates to items disclosed under other comprehensive income or equity, are disclosed separately under other comprehensive income or equity, as applicable.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances related to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(ix) Foreign currency transactions and translation

Transactions in foreign currency are accounted for at the exchange rate prevailing on the transaction date. Gains/ losses arising on settlement as also on translation of monetary items are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(x) Prior period errors

Prior Period Errors are omissions from, and misstatements in, prior period financial statements resulting from the failure to use, or the misuse of, reliable information that was available, or could be reasonably expected to have been obtained, at the time of preparation of those financial statements.

Prior Period Errors has been corrected retrospectively in the financial statements. Retrospective application means that the correction affects only prior period comparative figures, current period amounts are unaffected. Comparative amounts of each prior period presented which contain errors are restated. If however, an error relates to a reporting period that is before the earliest prior period presented, then the opening balances of assets, liabilities and equity of the earliest prior period presented has been restated. (As per IAS 8).

(xi) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per equity share and also, the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. The dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable had the equity shares been actually issued at fair value (i.e. the average market value of the outstanding equity shares). Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the period, unless issued at a later date. Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented.

(xii) Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby net profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated based on the available information.

(xiii) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the Balance Sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

GREEN INFRA PROFILES PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022

3 Property, plant and equipment		(Rs.' in Lakhs)	
Particulars	Building Rs.	Total Rs.	
Gross carrying value:			
As at April 01, 2021	159.16	159.16	
-Revaluation of Property, Plant & Equipment	91.25	91.25	
-Additions	-	-	
-Disposals	-	-	
As at March 31, 2022	250.41	250.41	
Depreciation:			
As at April 01, 2021	70.69	70.69	
Depreciation for the year	8.42	8.42	
As at March 31, 2022	79.11	79.11	
Net book value:			
As at March 31, 2022	171.30	171.30	
As at April 01, 2021	88.47	88.47	

Depreciation on Property, plant and equipment for the year of Rs. 8.42 includes depreciation of Rs. 4.13 Lakhs on revalued assets, which are debited to Revaluation Reserve (Other Comprehensive Income) created by the Company at the time of Revaluation of its PPE. Depreciation for the year net of depreciation on revalued assets of Rs. 4.29 has been charged to Statement of Profit and Loss.

Revaluation of the PPE is based on the revaluation by the Registered Valuer as defined under Rule-2 of the Companies (Registered Valuers and Valuation) Rules, 2017.



GREEN INFRA PROFILES PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022

(Rs.' in Lakhs)

March 31, 2022

March 31, 2021

4 Other Financial Assets

Security deposits

0.08

0.08

0.08

0.08

5 Trade receivables (Detail as per 5A Schedule)

Secured, Considered good

-

-

Unsecured, considered good

0.90

0.65

Trade receivables which have significant increase in credit risk

-

-

Trade receivables - credit impaired

-

-

0.90

0.65

5A Trade Receivables ageing schedule

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				
	Less Than 6 Months	6 months - 1Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 years
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good	0.25	-	0.65	-	-
(ii) Undisputed Trade receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Undisputed Trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Trade receivables - considered good	-	-	-	-	-
(v) Disputed Trade receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-
(vi) Disputed Trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-
Total	0.25	-	0.65	-	-

6 Cash and cash equivalents

Balance with banks

On current account

0.57

5.67

Fixed Deposit Receipts with original maturity less than 3 months

15.00

-

Cash on hand

0.00

0.00

15.57

5.67

7 Other financial assets

Interest Accrued

0.01

-

0.01

-

8 Current tax asset

Income tax receivables

0.73

0.34

0.73

0.34

9 Equity share capital
Authorized

10,000 (March 31, 2021: 10,000) equity shares of Rs.10 (March 31, 2021:

Rs.10) each

1.00

1.00

Issued, subscribed, and fully paid up

10,000 (March 31, 2021: 10,000) equity shares of Rs.10 (March 31, 2021:

Rs.10) each fully paid up

1.00

1.00

Notes:

a) Reconciliation of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period:

	March 31, 2022		March 31, 2021	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	10,000.00	1.00	10,000.00	1.00
Outstanding at the end of the year	10,000.00	1.00	10,000.00	1.00

GREEN INFRA PROFILES PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022

(Rs.' in Lakhs)

b) Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity share having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each shareholder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividend proposed by the Board of Directors subject to the approval of the shareholders at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

c) Shareholding of Promoters:

Shares held by the Promoters at the end of the Year				% Change During the Year
S No	Promoter's Name	No. of Shares	% of Total	
1	Integrated Capital Services	10000.00	100	-
Total		0.10	100	-

d) Number of equity shares held by the holding Company:

* 9,999 (March 31, 2021: 9,999) equity shares are held by Integrated Capital Services Limited, the holding company, and 1 (1) equity share is held in the name of its Director, Sajeve Bhushan Deora, as nominee of the holding company.

e) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% equity shares in the Company:

	March 31, 2022		March 31, 2021	
	Number	% holding	Number	% holding
Integrated Capital Services Limited*	10,000.00	100	10,000.00	100

* 9,999 (March 31, 2021: 9,999) equity shares are held by Integrated Capital Services Limited, the holding company, and 1 (1) equity share is held in the name of its Director, Sajeve Bhushan Deora, as nominee of the holding company.

f) No bonus issue, buy back of shares and issue of shares other than cash in last five years.

	March 31, 2022		March 31, 2021	
10 Borrowings				
Unsecured, Considered good			-	-
11 Deferred tax liability				
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	Charged to Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2022	Charged to Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2021
i) Deferred tax liability				
Property Plant and Equipments	0.62	0.62	0.00	0.00
ii) Deferred tax Asset	0.17	-	0.17	-
Net deferred tax assets/(liabilities) [(i)-(ii)]	(0.46)	0.62	(0.16)	0.00
12 Other financial liabilities				
Advance for which value to be given			79.00	70.00
Expenses payables			0.42	2.23
			79.42	72.23
13 Current tax liability (Net)				
Income tax payable (net off of taxes paid)			-	-
14 Other current liabilities				
Duties and taxes			-	0.28

GREEN INFRA PROFILES PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022

	Year ended March 31, 2022	(Rs.' in Lakhs) Year ended March 31, 2021
15 Revenue from operations		
Consulting and advisory	10.27	17.76
16 Other income		
Interest on Sweep FDR	0.08	0.00
17 Employee benefit expenses		
Salaries	2.10	2.70
	2.10	2.70
18 Finance cost		
Interest paid on income tax	-	0.10
19 Other expenses		
Electricity	0.94	0.92
Audit fee	0.25	0.25
Property tax	0.59	0.59
Office repair and maintenance	0.75	2.21
Professional charges	2.04	3.50
Printing & Stationery	0.02	-
Business promotion	-	0.38
Miscellaneous	0.02	0.03
	4.61	7.89

20 There is no contingent liability of the Company as at the year end.

21 Earnings per share (EPS)

EPS is calculated by dividing the profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Numbers used for calculating basic and diluted earnings per equity share are as stated below:

Sl. No.	Particulars		Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
(a)	Profit during the year attributable to equity shareholders	Rs. In Lakhs)	90.76	1.89
(b)	Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for calculation of			
	- Basic and diluted earnings per share	Nos. in Lakhs	0.10	0.10
(c)	Nominal value	Rs.	10	10
(d)	Earning per share (a)/(b)			
	- Basic and Diluted	Rs.	907.61	18.93

22 In the opinion of the Board, the assets, other than property, plant and equipment, do have a value on realisation in the ordinary course of business at least equal to the amount at which they are stated.

GREEN INFRA PROFILES PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022

(Rs.' in Lakhs)

23 Related Party Disclosures:

Pursuant to Accounting Standard (Ind As-24) - "Related Party Disclosures" issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India, following parties are to be treated as related parties:

(a) Name of related parties and description of their relationships:

Holding company

Integrated Capital Services Ltd.

Fellow subsidiary company

Raas Consulting Pvt. Ltd.

ICSL Consulting Pvt. Ltd.#

#formerly known as BTG IP Service Pvt. Ltd.

Fellow associate companies

KW Publishers Pvt. Ltd.

Sun Links Ltd.

Step-down subsidiary company

Borrelli Walsh India Pvt. Ltd.

Key management personnel

Sajeve Bhushan Deora

Pulkit Deora

Director

Director

Other:

SBD & Co.

Partnership Firm in which relative of Director is Partner.

Note: The related party relationships have been identified by the management.

(b) Transactions with related parties during the year (excluding reimbursements):

Sl. No.	Nature of transactions	Related party	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
1	Borrowings paid back	Sajeve Bhushan Deora	-	2.02
2	Borrowings received	Sajeve Bhushan Deora	-	1.52
3	Professional fee received	SBD & Co	-	0.48

(c) Balance outstanding as at March 31, 2022:

Sl. No.	Account head	Related party	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
1	Share capital	Integrated Capital Services Ltd.	1.00	1.00